If you wish further details on this estimate, we will be pleased to provide them. The CBO staff contact is Megan Carroll. Sincerely.

BARRY B. ANDERSON, (For Dan L. Crippen, Director).

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Congressional Budget Office Cost} \\ \textbf{Estimate} \end{array}$

H.R. 4919—Tonto and Coconino National Forests Land Exchange Act—As ordered reported by the House Committee on Resources on September 12, 2002

CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 4919 would not significantly affect the federal budget. The bill would affect direct spending (including offsetting receipts); therefore, pay-as-you-go procedures would apply, but we estimate that any net change in direct spending would be insignificant. H.R. 4919 contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act and would have no significant impact on the budgets of state, local, or tribal governments.

H.R. 4919 would authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to convey to two private parties about 330 acres of federal lands in Arizona in exchange for roughly 760 acres of lands owned by those parties. If the value of those lands are not equal, the Secretary could make or accept cash equalization payments. The bill would authorize the Secretary to spend any receipts from such payments to acquire nonfederal lauds in Arizona.

CBO estimates that enactment of H.R. 4919 would result in an insignificant increase in direct spending. According to the agency, the federal lands to be conveyed currently generate offsetting receipts (a credit against direct spending) from special use permits totaling less than \$20,000 a year. Those receipts would be forgone if H.R. 4919 is enacted. Based on information from the agency, we estimate that any cash equalization payments received under H.R. 4919 would total less than \$500,000. We also estimate that the agency would spend receipts from such payments in the same year they are received and that any resulting net change in direct spending would be negligible.

The CBO staff contact for this estimate is Megan Carroll. This estimate was approved by Peter H. Fontaine, Deputy Assistant Director for Budget Analysis.

HONORING THE 180TH ANNIVER-SARY CELEBRATION OF THE BRENTSVILLE HISTORIC COURT-HOUSE SEPTEMBER 26, 2002

HON. TOM DAVIS

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, September 26, 2002

Mr. TOM DAVIS of Virginia. Mr. Speaker, I would like to take this opportunity to honor the anniversary of the historic Brentsville Courthouse in Brentsville, Virginia.

On Saturday, September 28, 2002, the first annual "Brentsville Court Day" will commemorate the national significance of this courthouse and the prominent position it held in Prince William County during the 19th Century. The day will be filled with activities designed to entertain and educate citizens of all ages on the key role this courthouse played 180 years ago.

When the Brentsville Courthouse was first in use, Washington City had been the Nation's Capital for only twenty-two years and the U.S. Constitution had been in place for a mere thir-

ty-four. It is believed that the first Fourth of July in Prince William County was celebrated on the front steps of the Brentsville Courthouse, with a speech given by Dr. Thomas Ewell, a noted surgeon of that time.

Recapturing the patriotic spirit of the American Revolution was of growing importance at that time, as the war generation was aging and memories of their sacrifices were fading. As a result, speeches honoring these patriots became the norm. Yet research undertaken by local historians indicates the speech given by Dr. Ewell that day was extraordinary.

The research uncovered twenty-five letters spanning twenty years of correspondence between Dr. Ewell and Thomas Jefferson. In his letter responding to Dr. Ewell's July 4th oration, Jefferson recognized Ewell's July 4, 1823 speech—on the 50th anniversary of the United States—as a reflection of "the true spirit of '76."

The 180th anniversary celebration will occur, Mr. Speaker, in a town new to the 11th Congressional district of Virginia, but rich in American history.

Mr. Speaker, in closing, given the historical significance and roots of Brentsville Courthouse, we have great reason to celebrate today. Accordingly, I extend my warmest congratulations on its 180th Anniversary. The Courthouse is a national treasure and a source of pride for both my constituents and me. I call upon my colleagues to join me in applauding 180 years of excellence and American spirit.

A PROCLAMATION CONGRATULATING 5 B'S

HON. ROBERT W. NEY

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, September 26, 2002

Mr. NEY. Mr. Speaker, whereas, 5 B's of Zanesville is successfully responding to Chapter 11 Bankruptcy and has been simultaneously expanding services and opportunities for employees; and

Whereas, 5 B's amazing success story is due to the determination, sacrifice, vision, and hard work of the company's owner, Lee Biles, and employees; and

Whereas, 5 B's has brought employment, investment, and progress to the Ohio valley; and

Whereas, the founders and employees must be commended for their long hours and commitment to excellence, which has allowed 5 B's to succeed;

Therefore, I join with the residents of the entire 18th Congressional District of Ohio in celebrating 5 B's record of determination and exceptional service.

HONORING THE BETHEL AFRICAN METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH ON THEIR 165 ANNIVERSARY

HON. ROSA L. DeLAURO

OF CONNECTICUT

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, September 26, 2002

Ms. DELAURO. Mr. Speaker, it is with great pleasure that I rise today to join Reverend

Daylan Greer, Sr. and the congregation of the Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church of New Haven, Connecticut as they celebrate their 165th Anniversary—a tremendous milestone for this New Haven institution.

Founded in Philadelphia in response to discrimination found in the Methodist Church, the first Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church, now fondly known as Mother Bethel, opened its doors in 1794. The vision of the Reverend Richard Allen, a freed slave, the African Methodist Episcopal Church was the successful development of a separate religious identity for African Americans and was the first fully independent black denomination in America. Upon his election as the first Bishop of the A.M.E., Reverend Allen set the stage for the church in New England by sending preachers to cities that had a population of one hundred or more African Americans. New Haven was one of those cities.

The year 1838 is marked with the Reverend Eli N. Hall as becoming the first pastor of the Bethel-New Haven, Connecticut. Under the direction of Reverend Hall and the many pastors who followed, the church has flourished and become an important fixture in the Dixwell community. It is the dedication and commitment of their congregation that has made this church such a great success. Our churches play a vital role in our communities—providing people with a place to turn to for comfort when they are most in need. In over a century, there have been many who have worshiped within their halls and many who have found peace and strength in the outstretched arms of the congregation.

It is with honor and the deepest thanks and appreciation for all of their good work that I rise today to extend my sincere congratulations to the Bethel African Methodist Episcopal Church of New Haven on their 165th Anniversary.

IN MEMORY OF THE TRAGEDY OF SEPTEMBER 11, 2001

HON. DEBORAH PRYCE

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Thursday, September 26, 2002

Ms. PRYCE of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I rise today, just over one year after the tragic events that touched the life of every American, to give solemn remembrance to that darkest of days.

As do all Americans', my heart continues to ache when I think about the countless victims and families struck by the sad and shocking attacks of September 11, 2001. But, there is also pride in my heart for our great nation and the men and women who have responded so resolutely and valiantly to this challenge to our very way of life.

The stories of tragedy, and the compelling stories of heroism, that emerged from the smoke and shattered buildings will forever be a part of our memory that day.

When I rose to the House floor one-year ago filled with so many deep and powerful emotions, I pledged that we would not let the days that followed be remembered just for our sadness and anger, but for our national resolve. As a nation, we have pulled together in so many ways to overcome the vicious attempt to break our national spirit.